UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/589,841	07/05/2007	Jun Nakayama	BURN1110-1	2798
28213 DLA PIPER LL	7590 07/15/200 LP (US)	9	EXAMINER	
4365 EXECUT		CROUCH, DEBORAH		
SUITE 1100 SAN DIEGO, CA 92121-2133			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1632	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/15/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/589,841	NAKAYAMA ET AL				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Deborah Crouch	1632				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	<del>_</del>					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-88</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) <u>1-88</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.					
,,	•					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of</li> </ul>	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National S	Stage			
Attachment(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

Art Unit: 1632

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-20, drawn to a non-naturally occurring compound, comprising at least one αI,4-1inked N-acetylglucosamine residue operatively linked to a carrier molecule and a method of producing a glycoprotein comprising at least one αI,4-1inked N-acetylglucosamine residue, comprising contacting, under conditions suitable for glycosylation of a polypeptide.

Group II, claim(s) 21 and 30-44, drawn to a non-human transgenic mammal containing, stably integrated in its genome, at least first exogenous polynucleotide encoding an  $\alpha$ I,4-N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase; a second polynucleotide encoding a core2  $\beta$ I,6-N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase; and a third polynucleotide encoding a carrier polypeptide comprising at least one O-glycosylation site, milk produced by the transgenic mammal and a method for producing an antimicrobial recombinant glycoprotein.

Group III, claim(s) 22-27, drawn to a method of producing a recombinant glycoprotein comprising at least one ocl,4-1inked N-acetylglucosamine residue, comprising expressing in a eukaryotic cell.

Group IV, claim(s) 28 and 29, drawn to a recombinant glycoprotein comprising at least one αl,4-1inked GlcNAc residue.

Group V, claim(s) 45, drawn to an isolated recombinant glycoprotein comprising at least one αl,4-1inked GlcNAc residue.

Group VI, claim(s) 46-68, 71 and 72, drawn to a method of reducing or inhibiting cell wall formation of a bacterium that expresses cholesteryl-α-D-glucopyranoside, comprising contacting the bacterium with a compound comprising at least one αl,4-1inked GlcNAc residue, whereby CGL synthesis is reduced or inhibited, thereby reducing or inhibiting cell wall formation of the bacterium and a method of ameliorating gastric ulcers or gastric cancer due to infection by a Helicobacter species in a subject having gastric ulcers or gastric cancer, comprising administering to the subject a compound comprising at least one αl,4-1inked N-acetylglucosamine residue, whereby

Application/Control Number: 10/589,841

Art Unit: 1632

the compound prevents Helicobacter growth, thereby ameliorating gastric ulcers or gastric cancer due to infection by the Helicobacter.

Group VII, claim(s) 69-70, drawn to a method of preventing gastric ulcers due to infection by a Helicobacter species in a subject susceptible to the gastric ulcers, comprising administering to the subject a compound comprising at least one αI,4-1inked N-acetylglucosamine residue, whereby the compound prevents Helicobacter growth, thereby preventing gastric ulcers due to infection by the Helicobacter.

Page 3

Group VIII, claim(s) 73-86 and 88, drawn to A transgenic plant containing, stably integrated in its genome, at least first exogenous polynucleotide encoding an α1,4-N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase;

a second polynucleotide encoding a core2 or encoding a core1 extension  $\beta$ 1,3-N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase and methods of producing antimicrobial recombinant glycoprotein.

Group IX, claim(s) 87, drawn to a recombinant glycoprotein comprising at least one α1,4-linked GlcNAc.

The inventions listed as Groups I-IX do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: Nakayama teach the production in vitro of a unique *O*-glycan having an α1,4-linked *N*-acetylglucosamine (page). Thus Nakayama teaches a composition comprising Group I and Group II, thereby indicating the claims do not relate to a single general inventive concept. See Nakayama et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 1999, Vol. 96, pages 8991-8996, especially page 8995, col. 2, parag. 1, lines 11-16.

In addition, the claims are directed to multiple categories of inventions:

As provided in 37 CFR 1.475(b), a national stage application containing claims to different categories of invention will be considered to have unity of invention if the claims are drawn only to one of the following combinations of categories:

- (1) A product and a process specially adapted for the manufacture of said product; or
- (2) A product and process of use of said product; or
- (3) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and a use of the said product; or
- (4) A process and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process; or

Art Unit: 1632

(5) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process.

Page 4

Otherwise, unity of invention might not be present. See 37 CFR 1.475(c).

Unity of invention is not present in claims 1-88 because the claims are directed to multiple methods of producing the product and multiple methods of using the product.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention or species.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions have unity of invention (37 CFR 1.475(a)), applicant must provide reasons in support thereof. Applicant may submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. Where such evidence or admission is provided by applicant, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

Art Unit: 1632

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Deborah Crouch, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-0727. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Fri, 6:00 AM to 3:00 PM.

Application/Control Number: 10/589,841 Page 6

Art Unit: 1632

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Paras can be reached on 571-272-4517. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Deborah Crouch/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1632